Name:		

CH 12 Meteorology

SECTION 4 Weather Analysis and Prediction

MAIN IDEA	DETAILS
	Consider the title of Section 4. Think of three things that might be discussed in this section.
	1
	2
	3
Review Vocabulary	Use your text to define the following term. What do you think it has to do with weather?
stability	
New Vocabulary	Read the definitions below, then write the term for each in the left column.
	a record of weather data at a particular site at a particular time
	lines of equal pressure
	lines of equal temperature
	forecast that relies on numerical data
	forecast that compares current weather patterns to patterns hat took place in the past
Academic Vocabulary	Define the following term.
extrapolation	

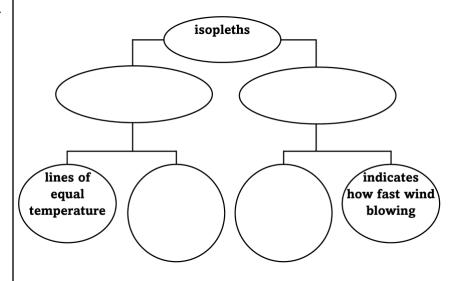
MAIN IDEA

DETAILS

Surface Analysis

Classify the different types of isopleths found on a weather map.

Use with pages 329–330.

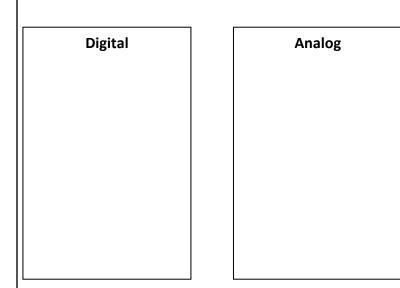


Types of Forecasts

Categorize the following phrases as referring to either digital or analog forecasting.

Use with page 331.

- compare current conditions to past
- looks at conditions in all levels of atmosphere
- monthly or seasonal forecasts
- the more data, the more accurate the forecast will be
- · numerical data



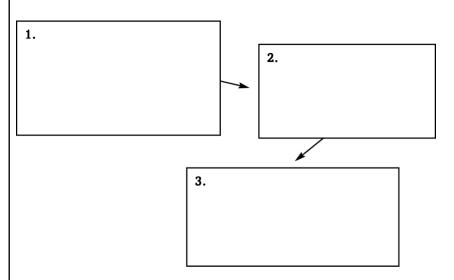
MAIN IDEA

DETAILS

Long-Term Forecasts

Summarize three related factors that cause the accuracy of weather forecasts to decline with time. Hint: Page 332; 1st paragraph

Use with pages 331–332.



Compare and contrast *short-term forecasting and long-term forecasting. Discuss reliability, the techniques used, and the type of information that is gathered in each case.*

Short-term forecasting	Long-term forecasting

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weekend. De		want to go downhill skiing ke to see on the weather ma	
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